

NEW ADVANCES IN AUTOMATISATION FOR THE ANALYSIS OF PESTICIDE RESIDUES

SAX CLEAN-UP FOR IMPROVING THE ANALYSIS OF POLAR COMPOUNDS

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EURL EUROPEAN
UNION
REFERENCE
LABORATORY

PESTICIDES IN FRUITS
AND VEGETABLES

19-20/09/2023 - ALMERIA

ISO 17025 accreditation for the analysis of highly polar pesticides

IC-HRMS

	Tomato	Orange	Grape	Coffe	Quince	Rice	Cocoa	Tea	Quinoa
PESTICIDES	LOQ (mg/kg)	LOQ (mg/kg)	LOQ (mg/kg)	LOQ (mg/kg)	LOQ (mg/kg)	LOQ (mg/kg)	LOQ (mg/kg)	LOQ (mg/kg)	LOQ (mg/kg)
AMPA	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.01*	0.05	0.05	0.01*	0.01*	0.05
Chlorate	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.01	0.05	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Ethephon	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.01	0.05	0.05	0.01	0.05	0.05
Fosetyl- Al	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Glufosinate- ammonium	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01
Glyphosate	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01*	0.01	0.05	0.01*	0.01*	0.05
Perchlorate	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.05	0.01*	0.05	0.01	0.01*
Phosphonic Acid		0.05							
N-Acetyl glufosinate		0.05							

ISO 17025 accreditation for the analysis of highly polar pesticides

IC-HRMS



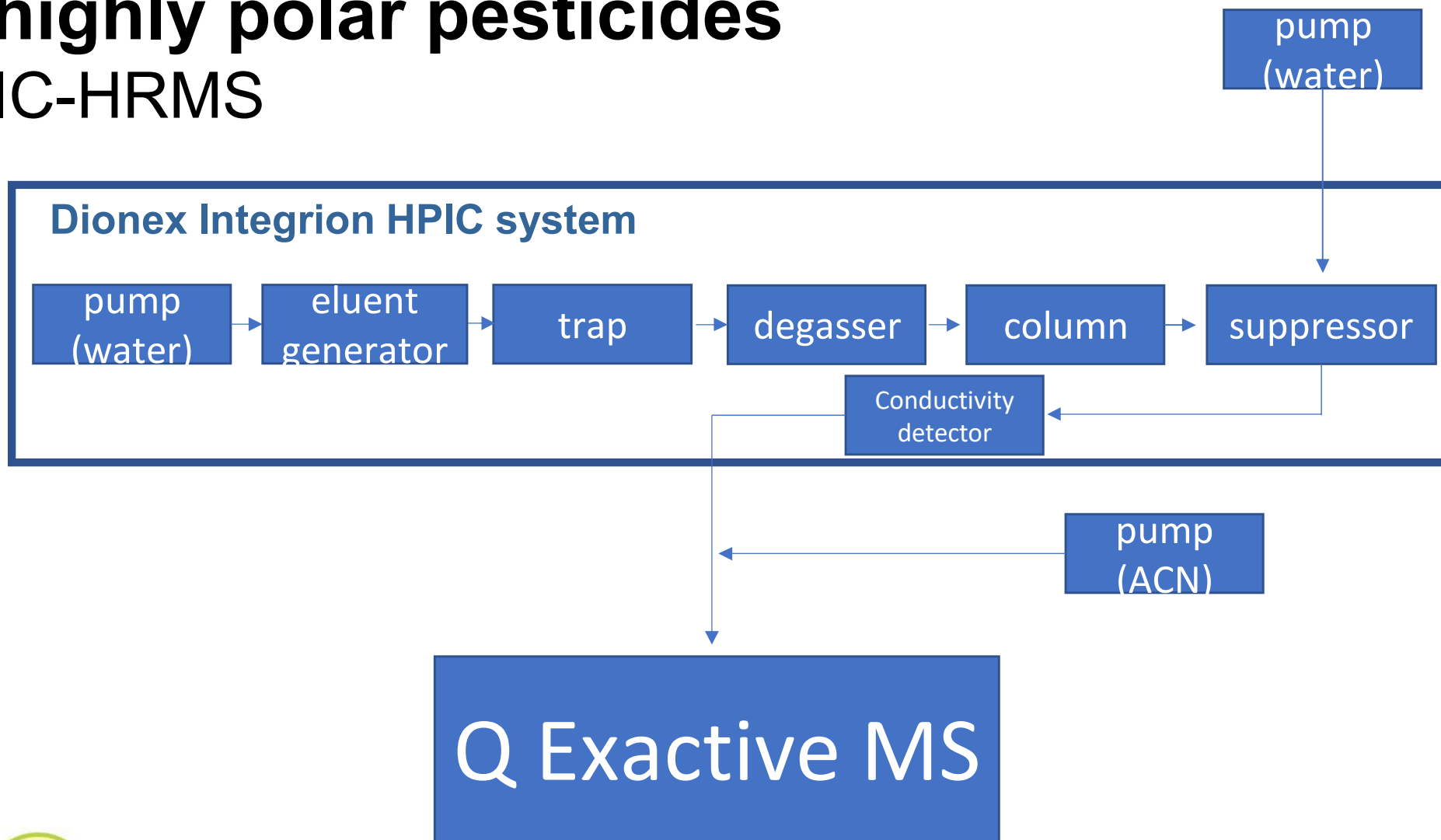
Thermo Scientific
Dionex Integrion
HPIC System



Thermo Scientific
Q Exactive Focus
MS System

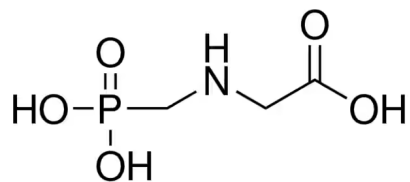
ISO 17025 accreditation for the analysis of highly polar pesticides

IC-HRMS

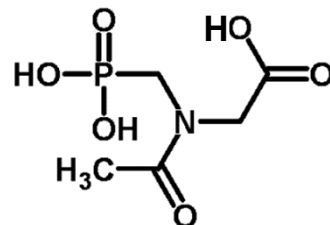


Alternative method for the analysis of highly polar pesticides

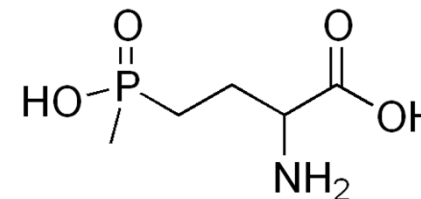
List of compounds



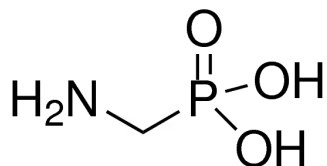
Glyphosate



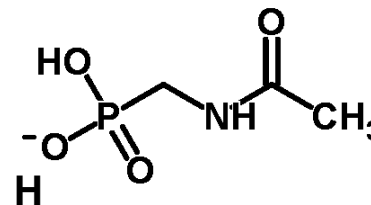
N-acetyl glyphosate



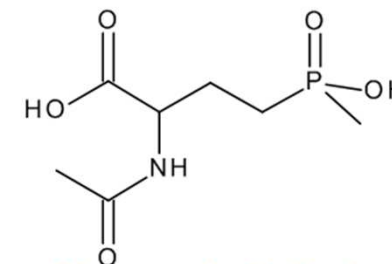
Glufosinate



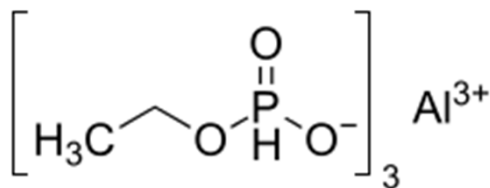
AMPA



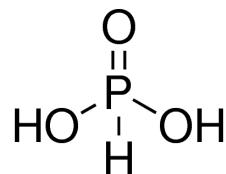
N-acetyl -AMPA



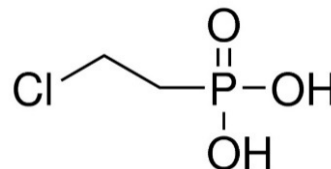
N-acetyl-glufosinate



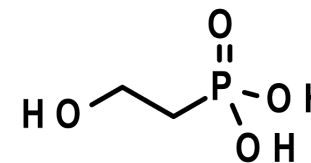
Fosetyl-aluminium



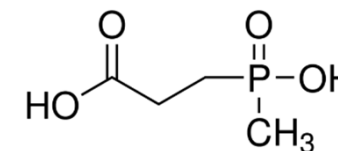
Phosphonic acid



Etephon



HEPA



MPPA

LC-MS conditions



**Thermo Scientific™
Transcend™ DUO LX-2
UHPLC System**



**Thermo Scientific™
TSQ Altis™
Triple Quadrupole Mass Spectrometer**

LC-MS conditions – HILIC Column

Waters™ **Anionic Polar Pesticide (APP)** Column
(100 mm x 2.1 mm, 5 µm)



HILIC

Stationary phase	Diethylamine
Particle shape	Spherical
Particle size	5 µm
Pore size	130 Å
Pore volume	0.7 cc/g
Surface area	185 m ² /g
Endcapped	Proprietary

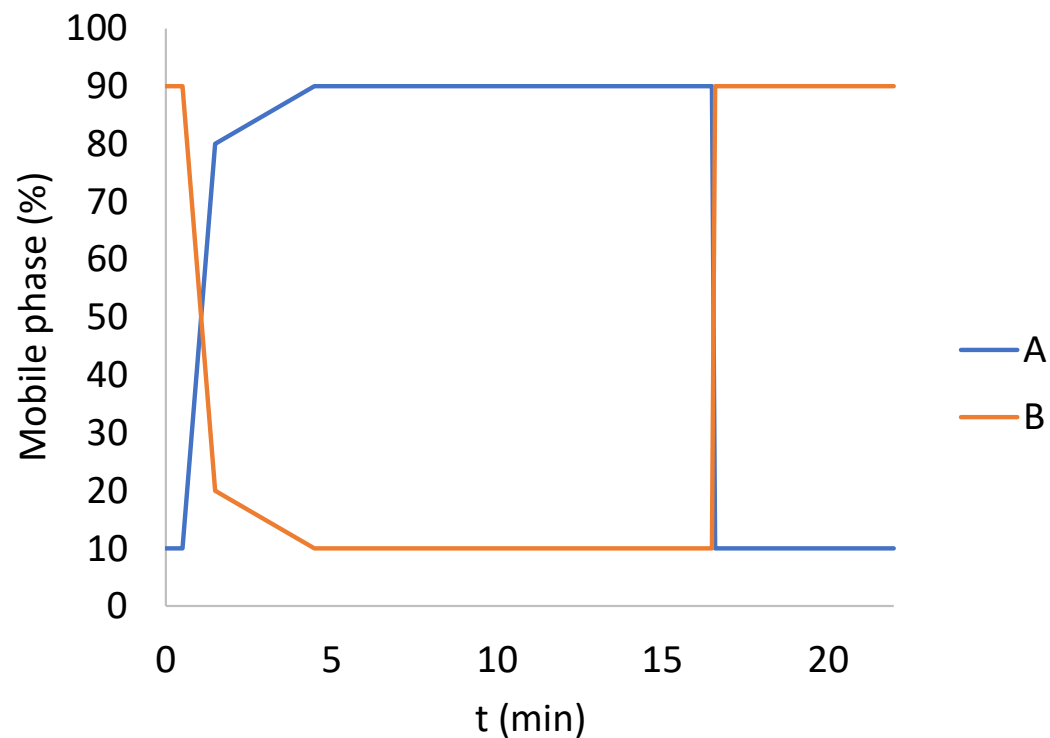
LC-MS conditions - Chromatographic method

Mobile phase A: Water 1.2% formic acid

Mobile phase B: Acetonitrile 0.5% formic acid

Flow: 0.5 mL/min

Injection volume: 10 μ L



Extraction methods



5 g sample
9 mL H ₂ O + 10 mL MeOH
Shake & Centrifuge



2 g sample
10 mL H ₂ O
Shake & Centrifuge
ACN (1:1) + C18 (50 mg mL ⁻¹)
Shake & Centrifuge

Clean-up for highly polar pesticides

- Very low extractability in typical multiresidue methods
 - use of a more-polar solvent such as water, methanol or methanol plus water
 - co-extraction of a high level of polar matrix components
 - reduction of column lifetime, increase of instrument maintenance frequency
 - several isobaric interferences, reduced sensitivity, compromised accuracy and/or strong matrix effects, especially signal suppression



Evaluation of clean-up strategies

Hypersep SAX (Strong Anion eXchange) cartridges



Product Name	HyperSep SAX
Bed Weight	500 mg
Column Capacity	6 mL
Chemical	Quaternary Amine
Particle Size	40-63 μm
Average Pore Size	60 \AA
Surface Area	504 m^2/g
Pore Volume	0.74 cm^3/g
Anion Exchange Capacity	0.239 meq/g

Extraction methods

Extraction



5 g sample
9 mL H ₂ O + 10 mL MeOH
Shake & Centrifuge



2 g sample
10 mL H ₂ O
Shake & Centrifuge
ACN (1:1) + C18 (50 mg mL ⁻¹)
Shake & Centrifuge



SAX clean-up

Manual SPE
500 mg SAX



Conditioning	10 mL MeOH
Washing	10 mL (MeOH-diluted extract)
Sample Loading	6 mL MeOH
Elution	3 mL MeOH : HCl (1M) (90:10)

Automated μSPE
50 mg SAX



1 mL MeOH
1 mL (MeOH-diluted extract)
0.6 mL MeOH
0.4 mL MeOH : HCl (1M) (90:10)



SAX clean-up

SPE workflow



Conditioning

10 mL MeOH

Sample Loading

10 mL
(MeOH-diluted extract)

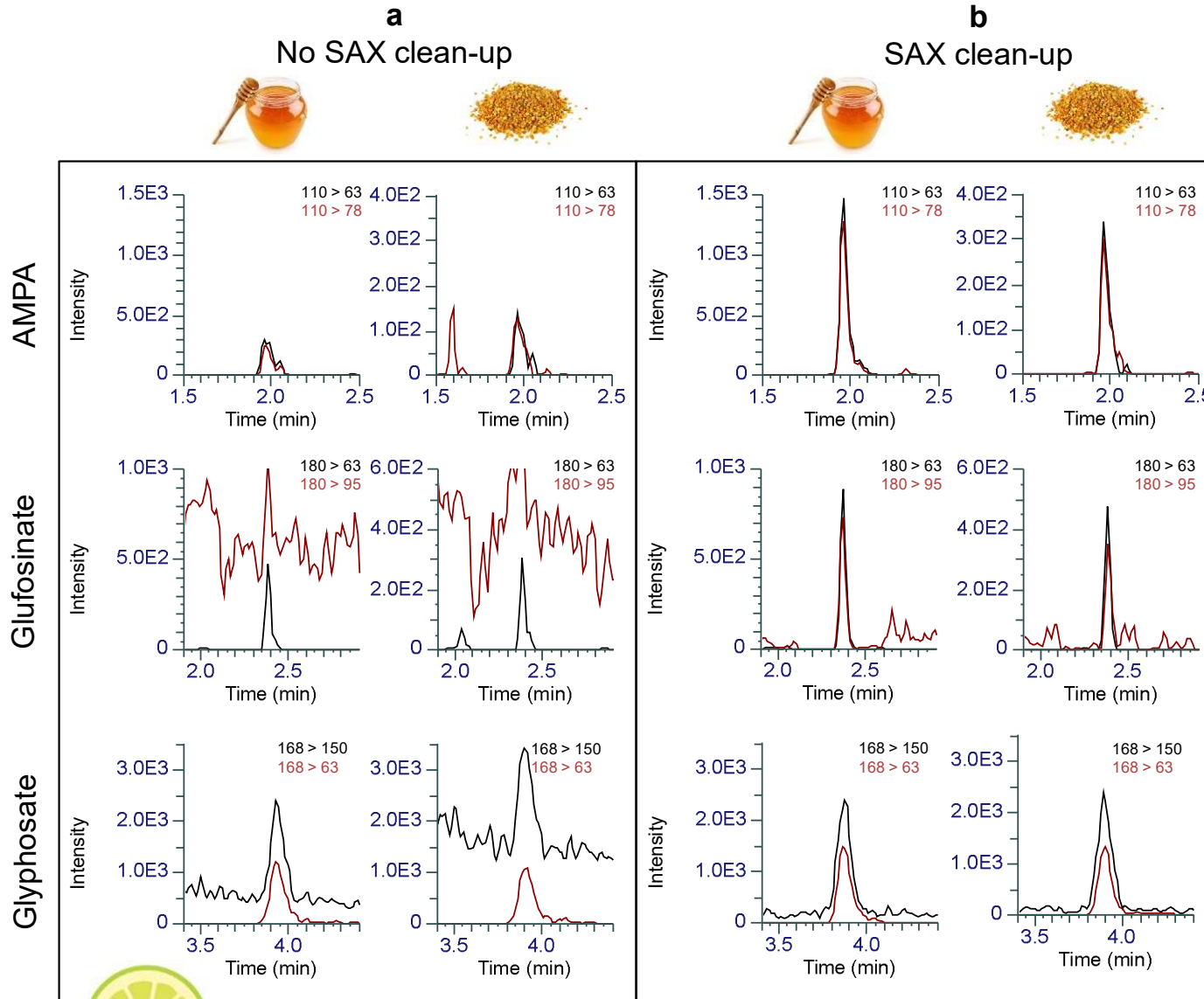
Washing

6 mL MeOH

Elution

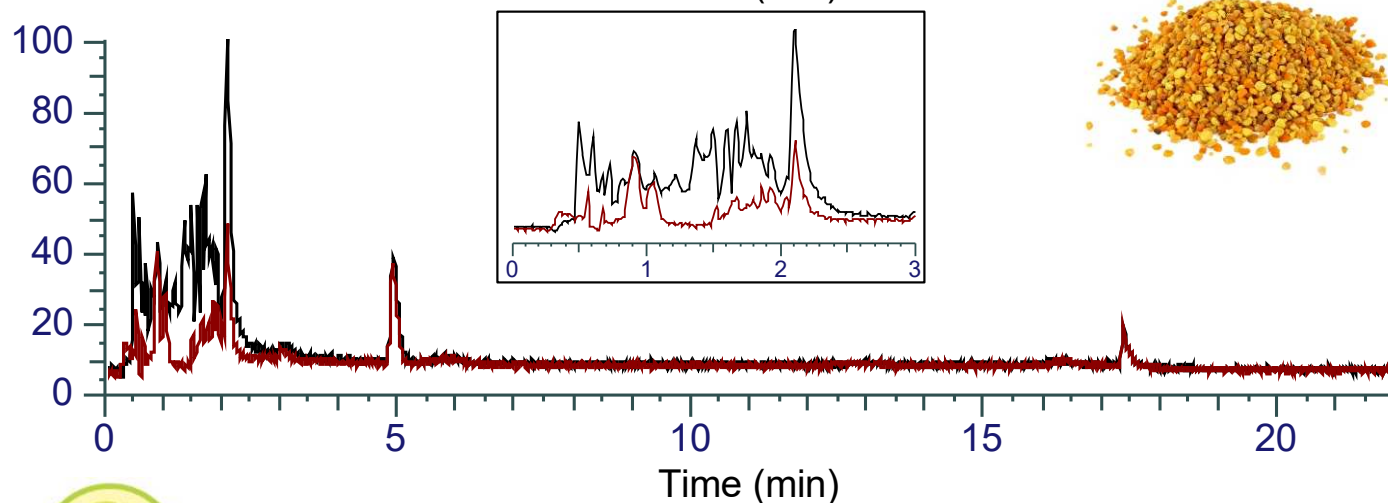
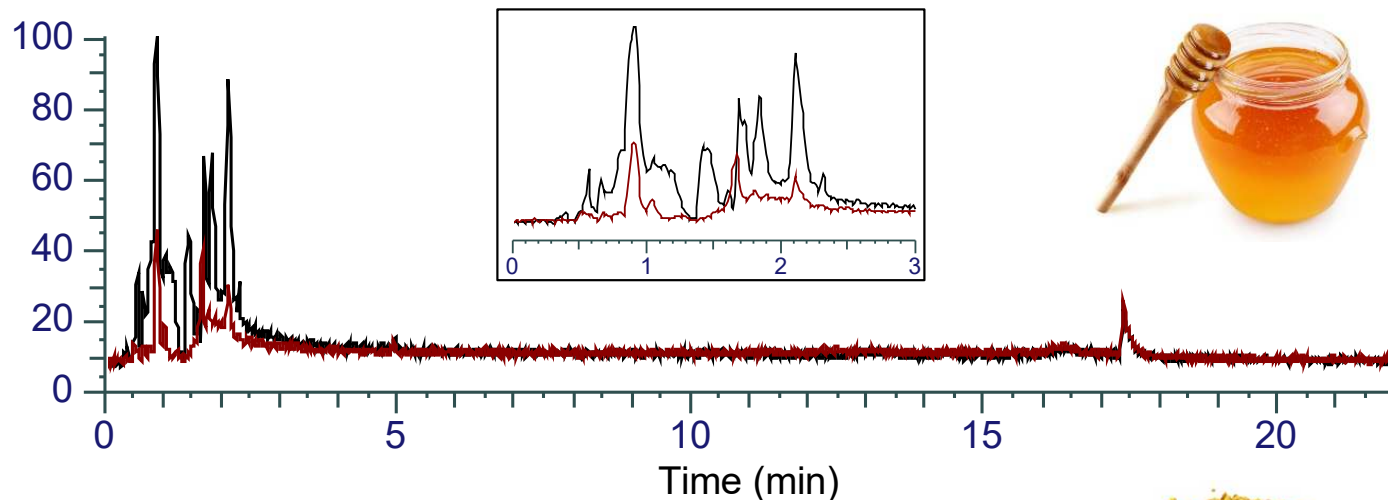
3 mL
MeOH : HCl (1M) (9:1)

SAX clean-up evaluation



Extracted ion chromatograms of standards of AMPA, glufosinate and glyphosate at 0.010 mg kg⁻¹ (0.002 mg L⁻¹) in honey and pollen extracts, (a) before and (b) after performing SAX clean-up

SAX clean-up evaluation

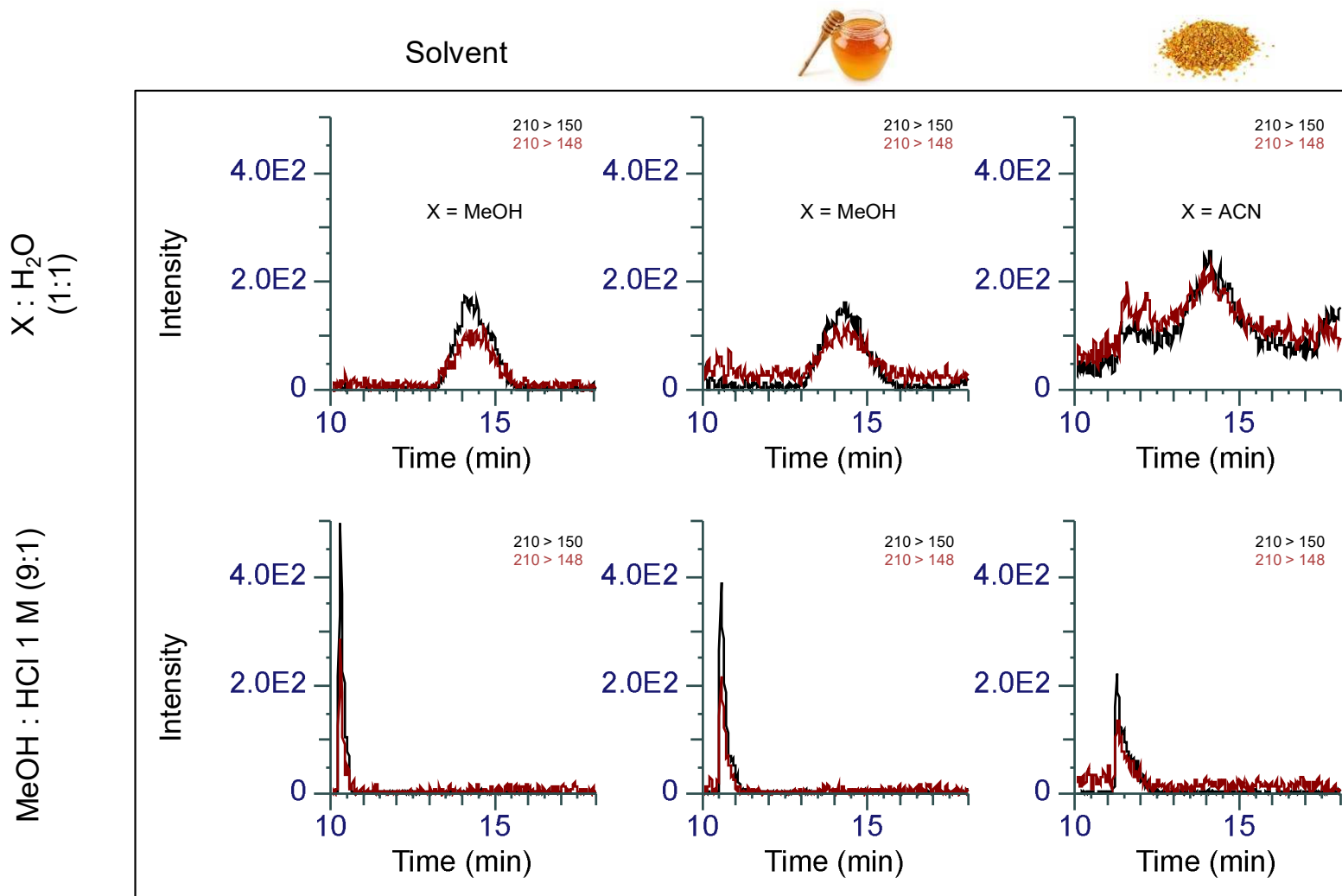


Full-scan (m/z 50-700) total ion current (TIC) chromatograms obtained for honey and pollen in negative polarity ionisation mode

— Before SAX clean-up
 — After SAX clean-up

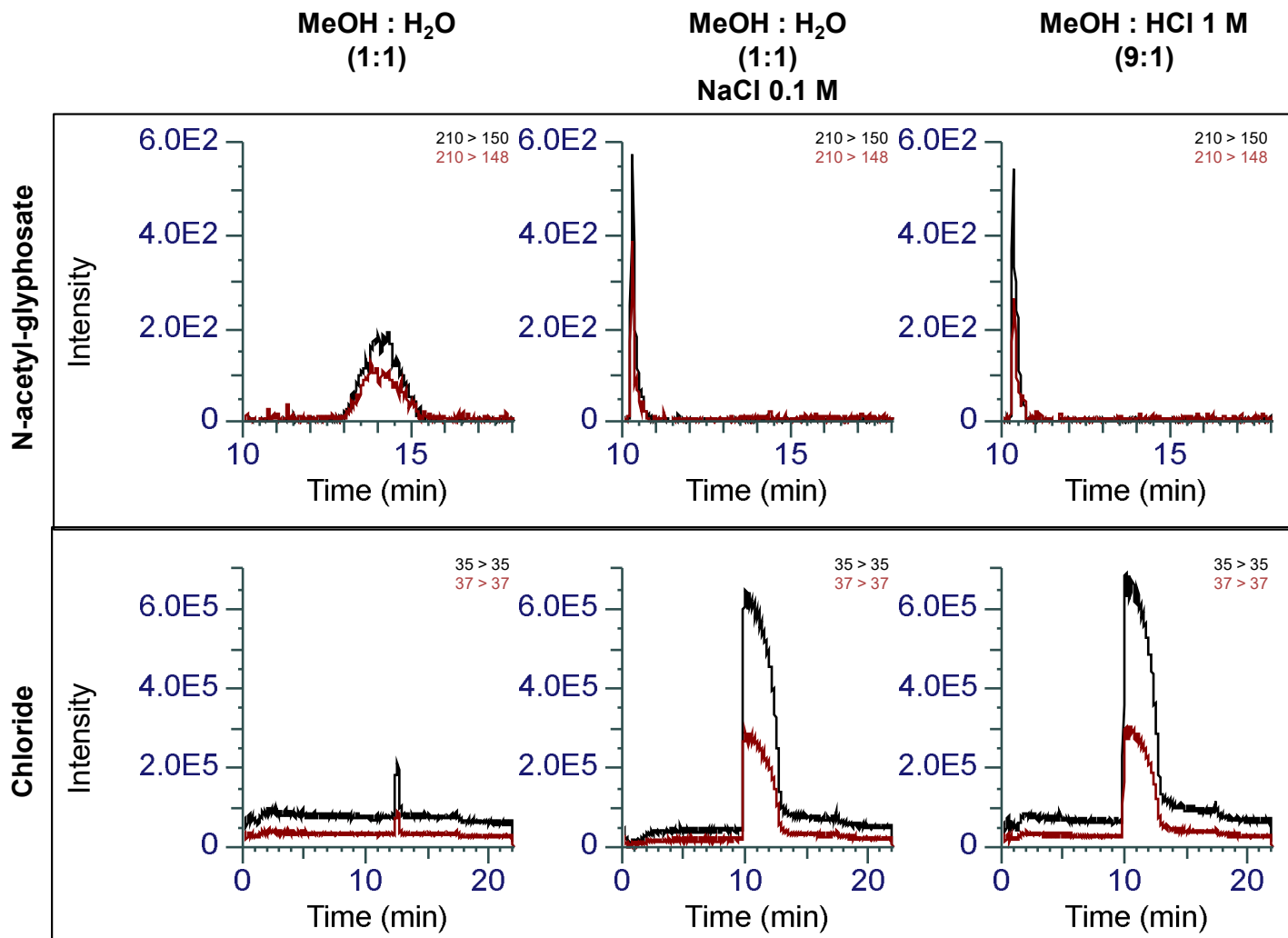


SAX clean-up evaluation



Extracted ion chromatograms of standard of N-acetyl-glyphosate at 0.010 mg kg⁻¹ (0.002 mg L⁻¹) in solvent and in honey and pollen extracts, before and after performing SAX clean-up

SAX clean-up evaluation



Extracted ion chromatograms of standard of N-acetyl-glyphosate at 0.002 mg L⁻¹ and chloride in different injection solvents, confirming the influence of this anion in the decrease of N-acetyl-glyphosate retention and peak shape improvement on APP column

Automation and miniaturization of SAX clean-up μ SPE workflow

μ SPE cartridge
50 mg SAX



Conditioning

1 mL MeOH

Sample Loading

1 mL
(MeOH-diluted extract)

Washing

0.6 mL MeOH

Elution

0.4 mL
MeOH : HCl (1M) (9:1)

Automation and miniaturization of SAX clean- up μ SPE workflow

	Syringe wash (3 cycles) with MeOH
Conditioning	Load 1000 μL MeOH
	Condition μ SPE cartridge at 5 μL/s (to waste)
Loading	1000 μL of sample at 5 μL/s (to waste)
	Syringe wash (3 cycles) with MeOH
Washing	Load 600 μL MeOH
	Wash the cartridge at 5 μL/s (to waste)
	Syringe wash (3 cycles) with MeOH
Elution	Load 400 μL of MeOH : HCl (1M) (9:1)
	Elution step at 5 μL/s (Collection Vial)
	Syringe wash (3 cycles) with MeOH

μSPE workflow - Setup

Mode	Offline as Local Script	▼
μSPE Tool	LS 3	▼
AP/Standards Tool	LS 2	▼
Injection Tool	none	▼
Fast Wash Module	Fast Wash 1	▼
Use Wash1 during Sample Prep	No	▼
Use Wash2 during Sample Prep	Yes	▼
μSPE Cartridge Tray	Cartridge Tray	▼
Dispose Cartridge	No	▼
Cartridge Waste Container	none	▼
μSPE Elution Tray	Elution Tray	▼
Eluate Tray	Eluate Tray	▼
Bottom Sense	Off	▼

μ SPE workflow – Conditioning step

Conditioning solvent: MeOH

⤴ Conditioning

Conditioning Solvent Source	Solvent Module1
Conditioning Solvent Index	1
Conditioning Solvent Volume	1000 μ L
Conditioning Solvent Fill Speed	100 μ L/s
Conditioning Solvent Loading Speed	5 μ L/s



μSPE workflow – Sample loading

↕ **Sample μSPE**

μSPE Sample Load Location	At Cartridge Tray	
μSPE Sample Load Volume	At Cartridge Tray	μL
μSPE Sample Fill Speed	50	μL/s
μSPE Sample Loading Speed	5	μL/s

↕ **Sample μSPE**

μSPE Sample Load Location	At Cartridge Tray	
μSPE Sample Load Volume	1000	μL
μSPE Sample Fill Speed	50	μL/s
μSPE Sample Loading Speed	5	μL/s

μSPE workflow – Washing step

Washing solvent: MeOH

⤴ Wash μSPE

Wash μSPE Solvent Source	Solvent Module1	▼
Wash μSPE Solvent Index	1	
Wash μSPE Volume	600	μL
Wash μSPE Solvent Fill Speed	100	μL/s
Wash μSPE Solvent Loading Speed	5	μL/s



μSPE workflow – Elution step

Elution solvent: MeOH : HCl (1M) (9:1)

⤴ **Elution**

Elution Solvent Source	Solvent Module1
Elution Solvent Index	2
Elution Volume	400 μL
Elution Solvent Fill Speed	100 μL/s
Elution Solvent Loading Speed	5 μL/s

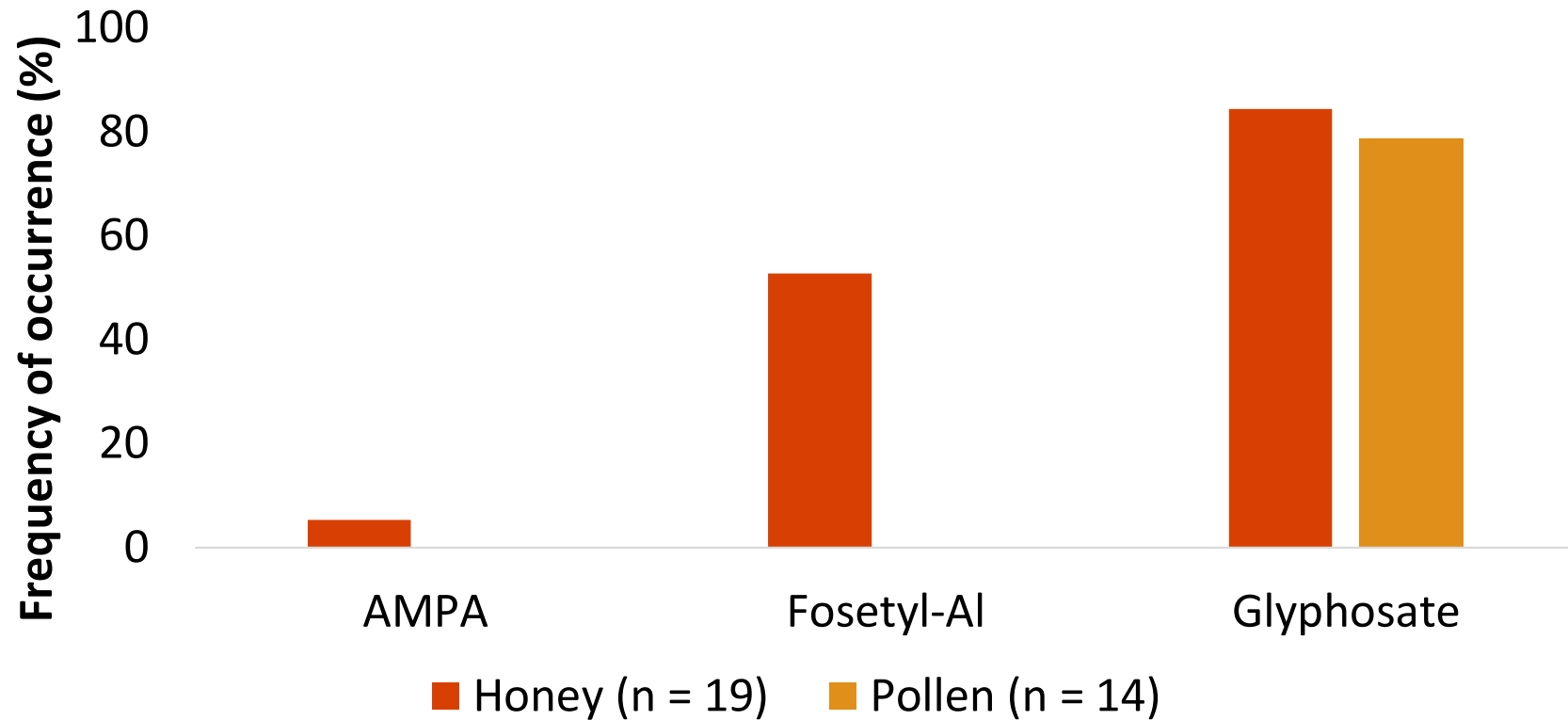


Method validation

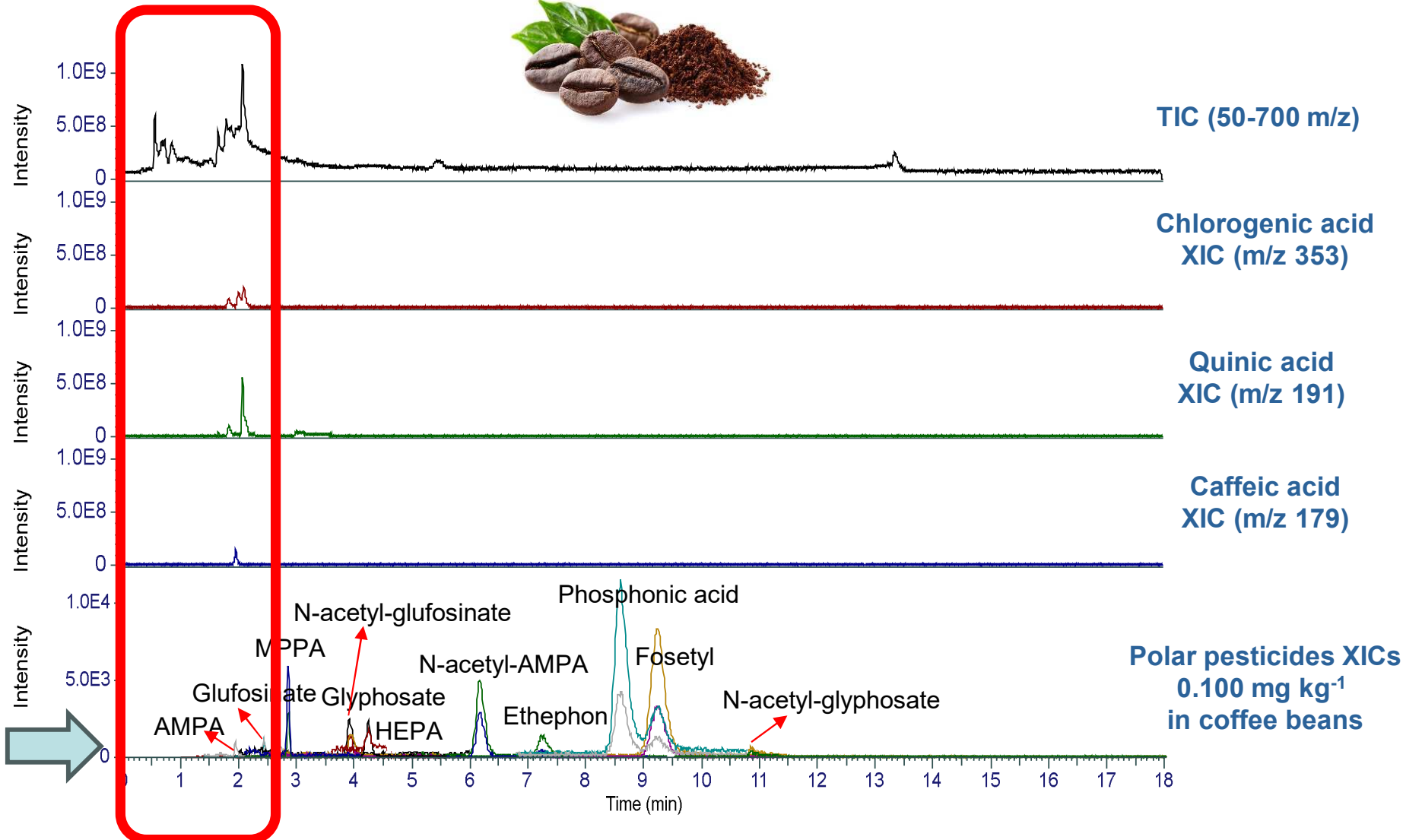
Spiking levels: 0.005, 0.010, 0.020, 0.050 mg kg⁻¹

Compound	LOQ (mg kg ⁻¹)	Linear range (mg kg ⁻¹)	ME (%)		LOQ (mg kg ⁻¹)	Linear range (mg kg ⁻¹)	ME (%)	
			SPE	μSPE			SPE	μSPE
AMPA	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	-41	-71	0.010	0.010 - 0.200	-87	-88
Ethephon	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	-8	6	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	12	4
Fosetyl-Al	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	-2	9	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	13	-9
Glufosinate	0.010	0.010 – 0.200	-41	-30	0.010	0.010 - 0.200	-57	-52
Glyphosate	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	-12	21	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	-11	-9
HEPA	0.010	0.010 – 0.200	-12	-3	0.020	0.010 - 0.200	-24	-35
MPPA	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	-30	-10	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	31	-20
N-acetyl-AMPA	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	-14	2	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	-31	-37
N-acetyl-glufosinate	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	-21	-3	0.010	0.010 - 0.200	-34	-41
N-acetyl-glyphosate	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	-15	24	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	0	9
Phosphonic acid	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	-5	4	0.005	0.002 – 0.200	4	-16

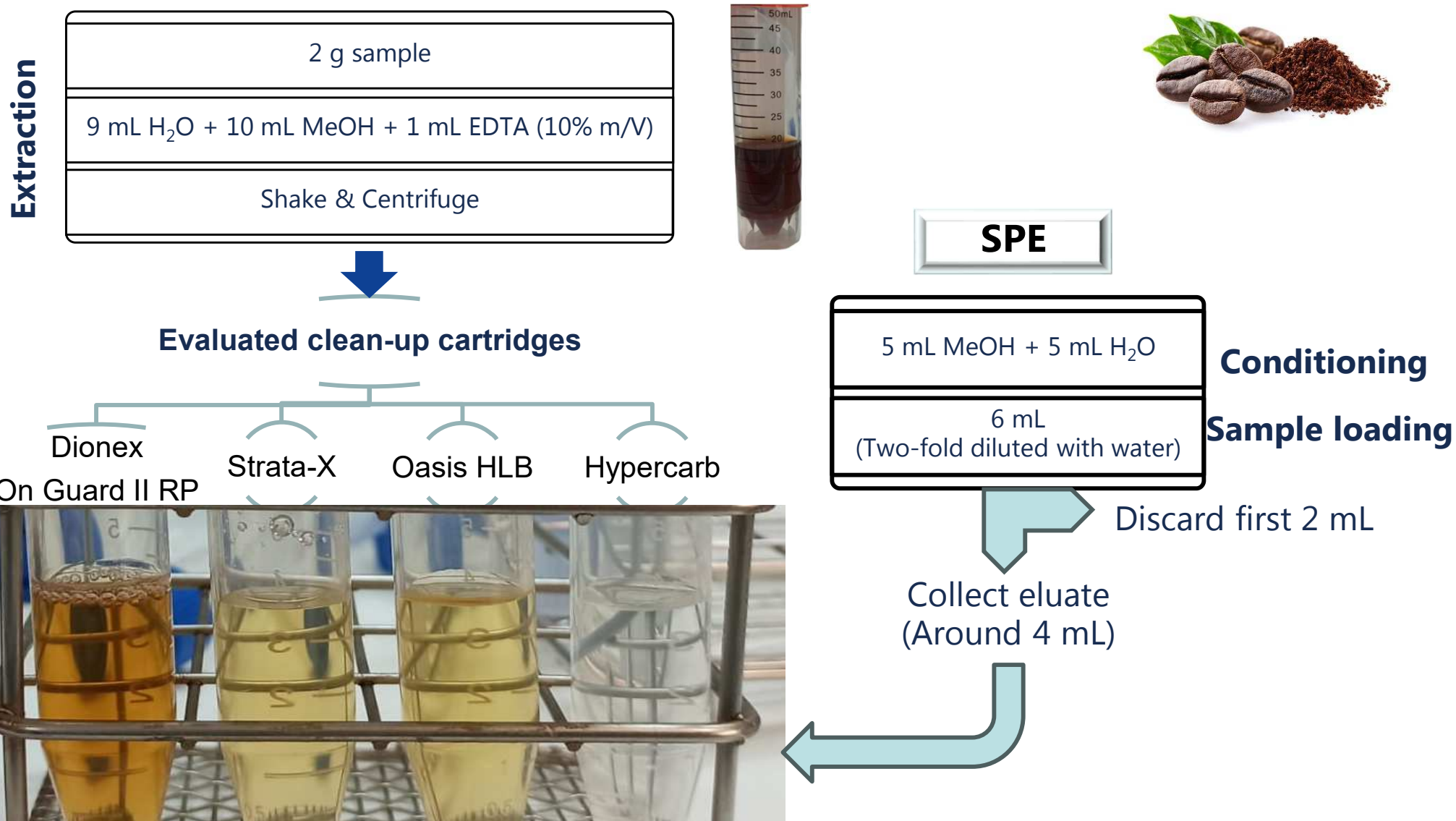
Real sample analysis



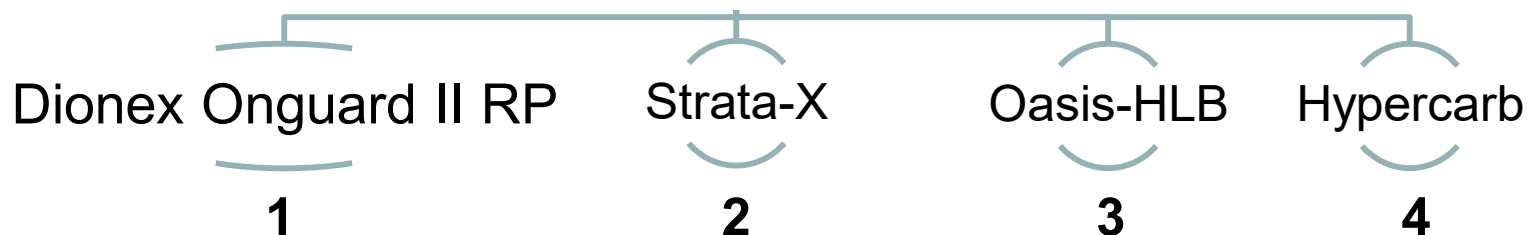
Analysis of coffee beans without clean-up



Evaluation of different clean-up steps



Clean-up for coffee beans



SPE



SAX
μSPE

Automated μSPE clean-up
(SAX cartridges)



SAX cartridge colour after
passing through coffee extract



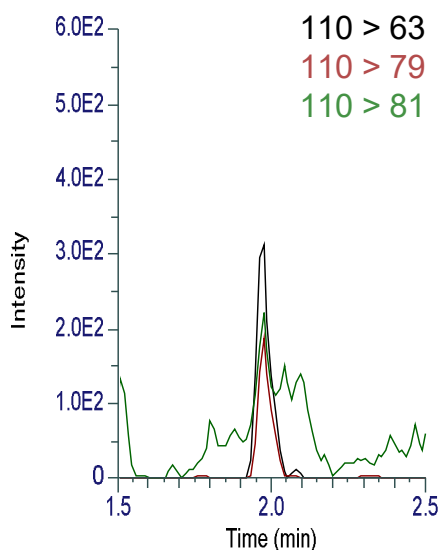
1 2 3 4

Final sample extract (SPE + SAX μSPE)

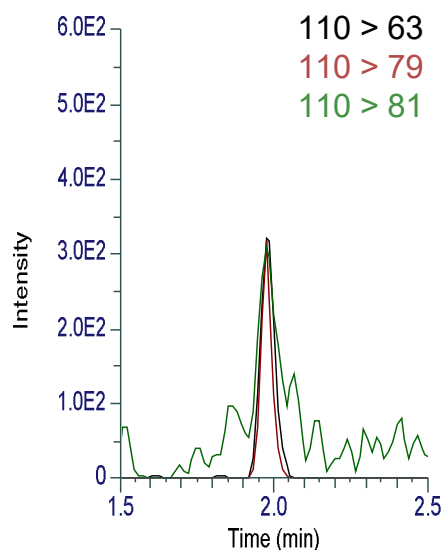


Clean-up for coffee beans

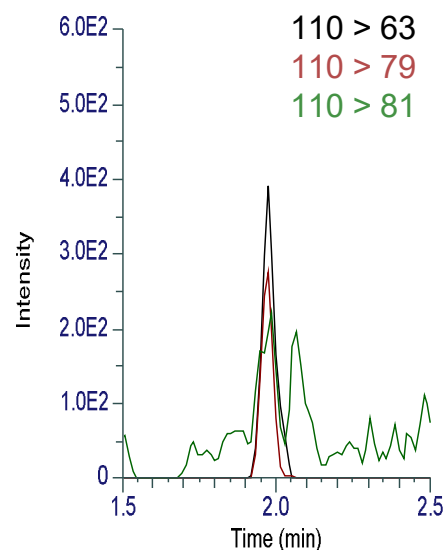
AMPA std in coffee beans extract spiked at 0.020 mg kg⁻¹



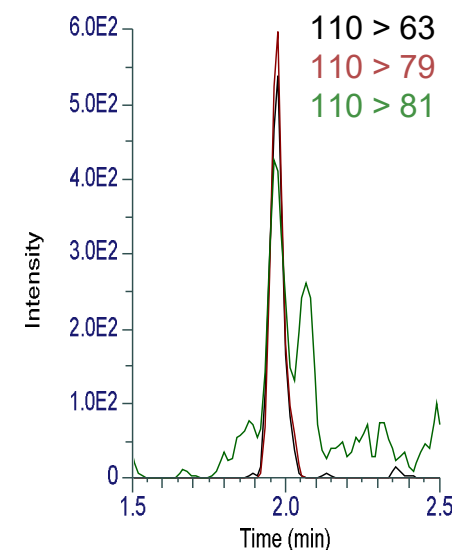
On Guard II RP + SAX
Area 983



Strata-X + SAX
Area 1084



OASIS-HLB + SAX
Area 1196

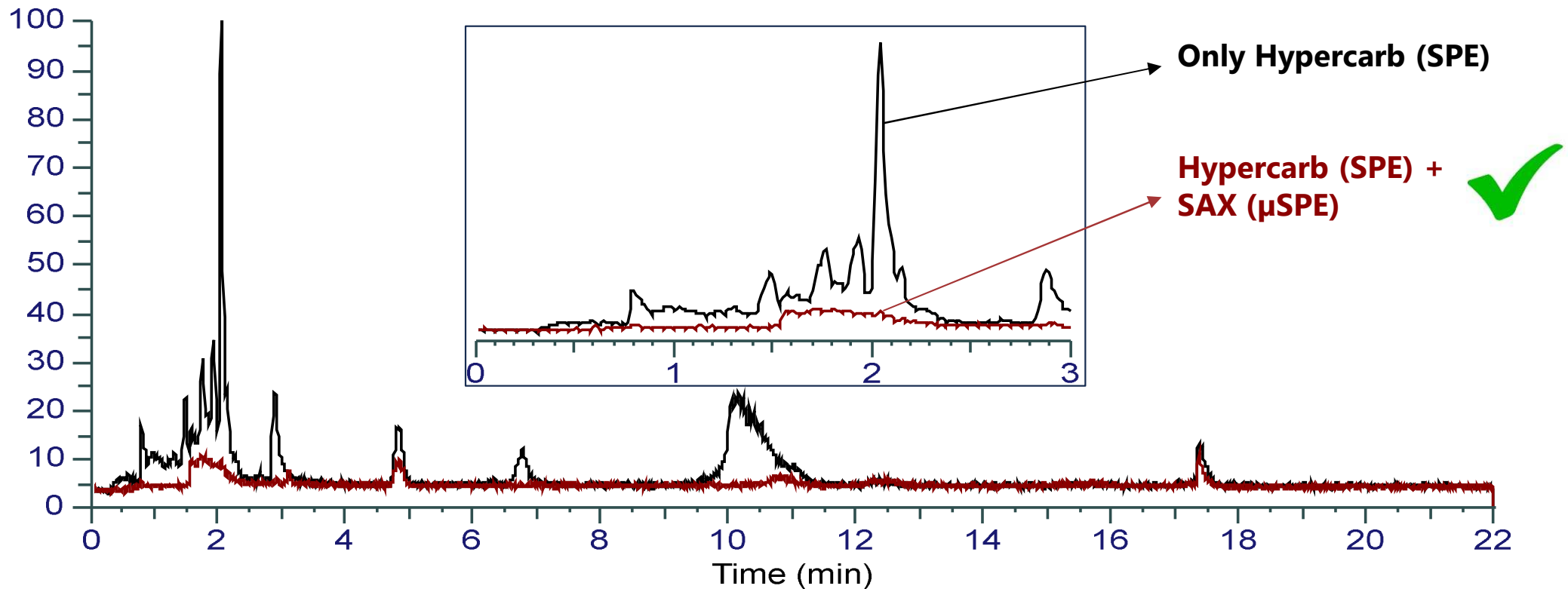


Hypercarb + SAX
Area 1666



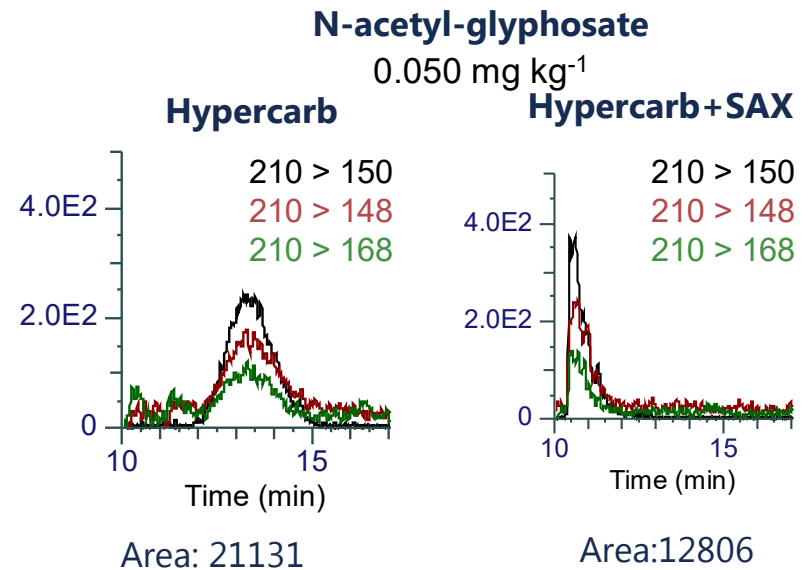
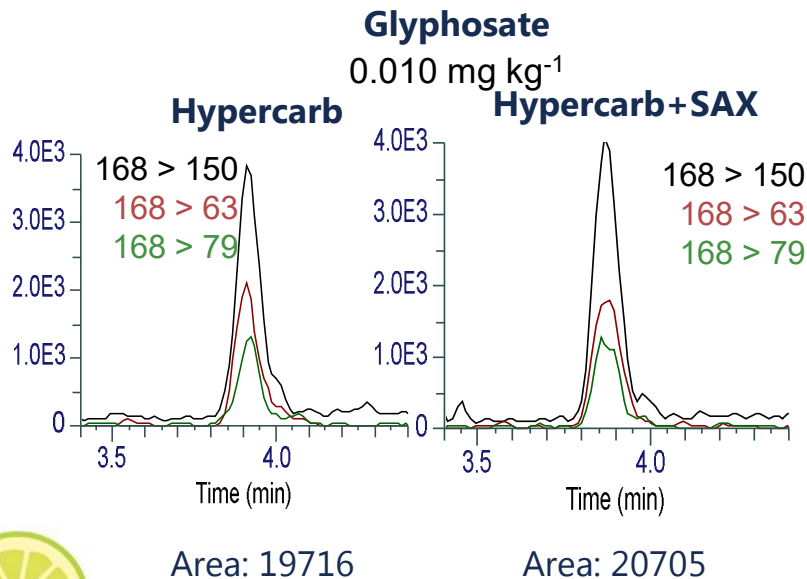
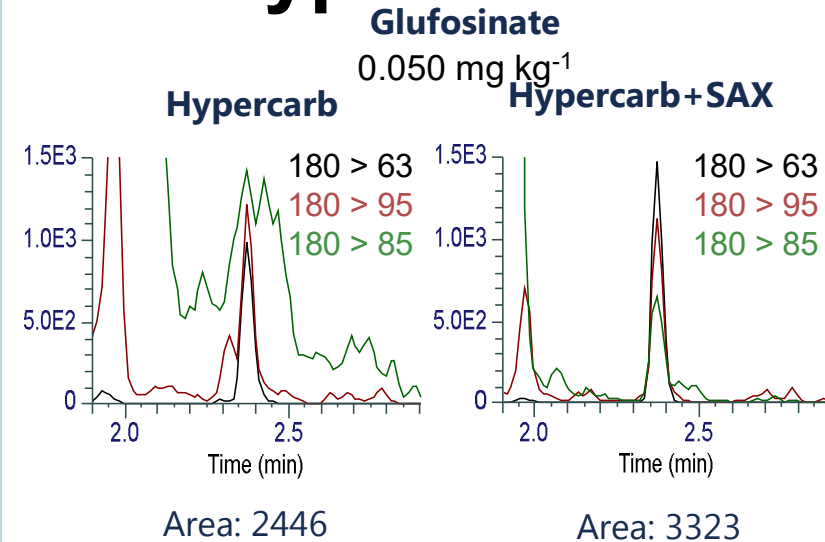
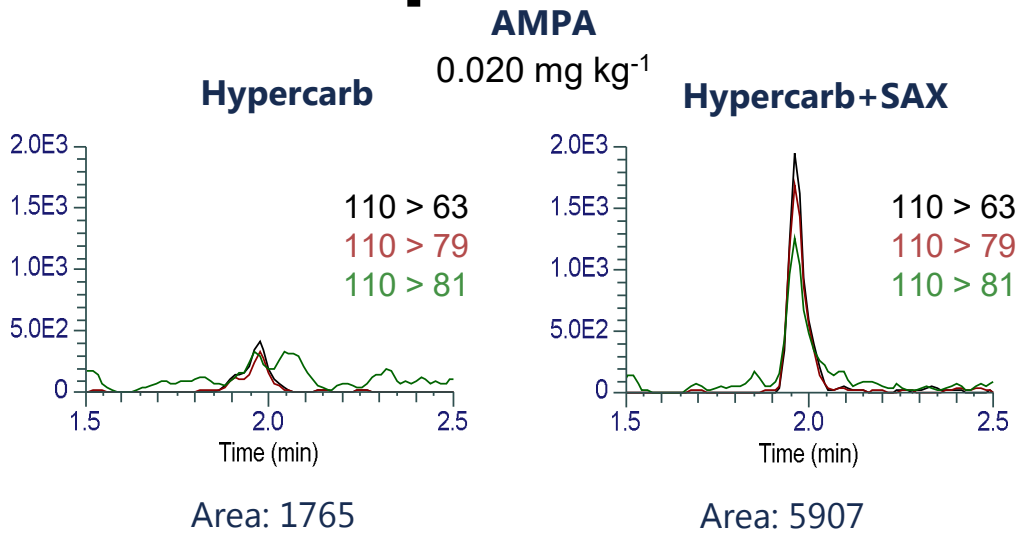
Clean-up for coffee beans

Full-scan (m/z 50-700) total ion current (TIC)





Clean-up for coffee beans: Hypercarb+SAX



Method validation

Spiking levels: 0.010, 0.020, 0.050, 0.100 mg kg⁻¹

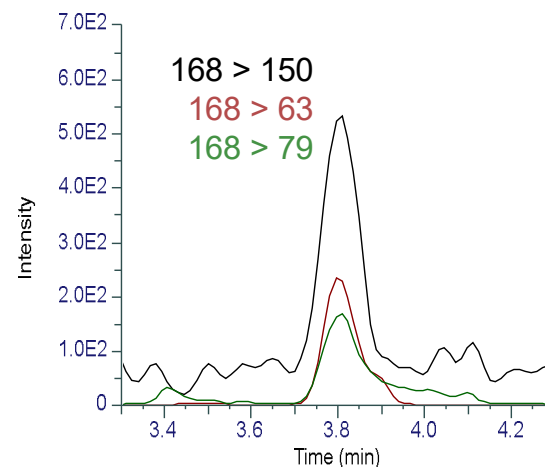


Compound	LOQ (mg kg ⁻¹)	Linear range (mg kg ⁻¹)	ME (%)
AMPA	0.020	0.020 - 0.500	-65
Ethephon	0.010	0.010 - 0.500	5
Fosetyl-Al	0.010	0.005 - 0.500	-5
Glufosinate	0.050	0.050 - 0.500	-40
Glyphosate	0.010	0.010 - 0.500	-20
HEPA	0.050	0.050 - 0.500	-23
MPPA	0.020	0.010 - 0.500	-40
N-acetyl-AMPA	0.010	0.005 - 0.500	10
N-acetyl-glufosinate	0.020	0.020 - 0.500	2
N-acetyl-glyphosate	0.050	0.050 - 0.500	11
Phosphonic acid	0.050	0.050 - 0.500	-12

Real sample analysis

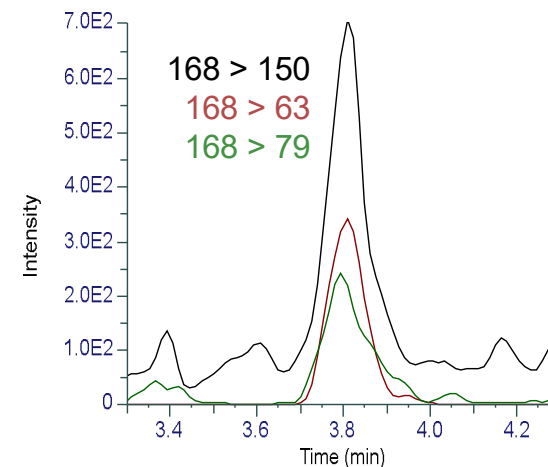
Sample ID	Concentration (mg kg ⁻¹)	
	Glyphosate	Phosphonic acid
01	0.014	
02	< LOQ	
03		0.095
04	< LOQ	0.070
05		
06		0.220
07		0.330
08		
09		0.243
10	0.016	
11		
12		
13		

**Glyphosate std
in coffee beans extract
0.010 mg kg⁻¹**



Area: 2674

**Sample ID: 01
Glyphosate
in coffee beans sample
0.014 mg kg⁻¹**



Area: 3793

- LOQ Glyphosate: 0.010 mg kg⁻¹
- MRL Glyphosate: 0.100 mg kg⁻¹
- LOQ Phosphonic acid: 0.050 mg kg⁻¹
- MRL Phosphonic acid: 5 mg kg⁻¹ expressed as fosetyl

Conclusions

- SAX clean-up method validated for the analysis of 11 highly polar anionic pesticides in honey, pollen and coffee beans.
- This clean-up showed to be very effective in terms of removal of matrix components, leading to improved selectivity and sensitivity, particularly for AMPA and glufosinate
- The analysis of N-acetyl-glyphosate at low concentrations in the same chromatographic run was possible due to the positive influence of the injection solvent derived from the clean-up step on the retention, peak shape and intensity of this compound.
- The automation and miniaturization of the clean-up step using SAX μ SPE cartridges were achieved.
- The automated μ SPE method offered benefits such as reduced manual labour, increased sample throughput, improved reproducibility, and decreased solvent consumption.

Thank You for Your Attention

