

PESTICIDE RESIDUE RESEARCH GROUP



Evaluation of matrix effects in pesticide multi-residue methods by mapping natural components using LC-HRMS

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The presence of matrix effects is one of the major concerns in food analysis. It presence affect to analyte signal and can lead to errors in the quantification and the detection of the analytes. In this work the relation between matrix suppression and co-extracted matrix components has been investigated. Twenty three different commodities were extracted by various extraction Multi-residue Methods – MRM-, mapping their natural compounds by retention time and accurate mass. Mapping them allow to evaluate the benefit in using one specific method or what can be the main natural compounds that can interact with the target analytes.

MENTAL SECTION: SAMPLE TREATMENT AN LC-TOF-MS A

Agilent MassHunter

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SAMPLE TREATMENT

Extraction of blank matrices **Citrate** buffered **QuEChERS** * 1.2

Blank extract

Spiked with 80 pesticides $100 \mu g/L$

* Modified QuEChERS **1** CaCl₂ addition in clean-up (0.2 g sample/ml) **2** Additional step of SPE with ZrO_2



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Operational conditions Full-scan ESI (+) mode Nebulizer: 40psi Gas Temp: 400°C Cap. Voltage: 4000 V. Frag. Voltage: 90 V

Chromatography Agilent 1200 HPLC system

Column: XDB-C18 Agilent. 50mm x 4.6 mm (1.8 μ m)

Mobile phase:

AcN (A) (5% water, 0.1% formic acid) and MiliQ Water (B) (0.1 % formic acid) 10% (A) isocratic $t=1 \min$, then to 100% (A) in 10 min and maintained for 6 min, Flow rate of 0.6 mL/min.





Commodit y groups		N° of co-extracted compounds			IIC	% of Pesticides with High (>50%), Medium (20-50%) and Low Signal Suppression (<20%)		
	Matrix	Retention Time: 0-17min	Retention Time: 7-13 min	MW>500 RT: 7-13 min	(Counts)	High	Medium	Low
	Рарауа	1270	214	38 (18%)	3.70E+09			
High water content	Aubergine	1400	573	36 (6%)	3.00E+09			
	Plum	2008	260	51 (20%)	3.12E+09			
	Lettuce	1586	625	208 (33%)	3.70E+09			
	Tomato (Kumato type)	2155	668	147 (22%)	4.18E+09	0	10	90
	Tomato (Cherry type)	2833	746	201 (27%)	5.63E+09	0	16	84
	Pear	2919	708	173 (24%)	3.64E+09			
	Apple	3047	726	270 (37%)	4.25E+09			
	Mango	2649	765	199 (26%)	3.77E+09			
	Pepper	3419	919	329 (36%)	5.51E+09	0	23	78
	Green bean	2398	913	88 (10%)	3.92E+09			
				/ /				

Mapping of Co-extracted matrix compounds-Pesticides

Signal suppression, number and concentration of co-eluting matrix compounds. Orange matrix (0.2 gsample/ml)

	"Difficu	ult" ma	trices				
1,250	Mass Orange , 5768 Matrix compounds Total Area 1.91 E+10	1,250	Red	onion	3823 № Total	1atrix con Area 1.7	npou 78 E+
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250		250	3 A 11 7 11 1				•
125		125			1 1 4 4 T	s	•

Pesticide	Mass	Rt (min)	Suppresion	N° of co-eluting matrix compounds (± 0.05 min)	Σ Compounds signal height of co-eluting compounds (counts)
Cinosulfuron	413.1005	8.09	-6	63	3E+06
Propoxur	209.1052	8.23	0	44	4E+06
Carbofuran	221.1046	8.32	0	34	3E+06
Isoproturon	206.1419	8.73	-88	84	2E+07
Metalxyl	279.1465	8.74	-74	84	2E+07
Ofurace	281.0819	8.84	1	39	2E+06
Heptenophos	250.0162	8.97	-8	65	7E+06
Isoprocarb	194.1176	9.01	-100	94	2E+07
Flazasulfuron	407.0511	9.22	-93	83	2E+07
Metazachlor	277.0982	9.25	-83	93	3E+07
Bupirimate	316.1563	9.27	-83	125	4E+07
Triadimenol	295.1082	9.42	-18	45	9E+06
Promecarb	207.1259	9.95	-15	42	3E+06
Azoxystrobin	403.1162	10.03	-4	29	5E+06





All pesticides with high suppression present an elevated number of co-eluting species (> 75), some of them very concentrated (sum of height signal \geq 2e7)



The majority of the pesticides eluted in the 7–13 min range. In general matrices with more than 5000 interfering components or/and a TIC over 8E+9 present more than 50 % of A sample dilution decreases the number of competing molecules and thus the analyte signal increases and matrix effects improved for the majority of pesticides.

Evaluation of Multi-Residue Extraction Methods QUECHERS vs QUECHERS+SPE with ZrO2 in Parsley matrix QuEChERS vs QuEChERS+CaCl2 in Green tea matrix Number of co-extracted compounds PCA on co-extracted compounds QuEChERS 6008 QuEChERS Matrix compounds 5070 1,200 Matrix compounds 336 cpds. more concentrated in 1,200 1,100 765 cpds CaCl2 QuEChERS only in CaCl2 QuEChEF 1,100 1,000 1,000 900 2433 2550 900 800 700 600 500 QuEChERS+ZrO2 QuEChERS PCA on co-extracted compounds 300 200 100



CONCLUSION

Mapping of matrix components by molecular weight and retention time is a very good approach for assessing matrix difficulty, risk of matrix suppression effects and evaluation of sample preparation methods. The number and distribution of co-extracted compounds, vary much depending on vegetable matrix even those included in the same commodity group according to the AQC SANCO Procedures. "Difficult" matrices providing a high number and concentration of natural components have associated a high suppression. Dilution of the extracts was shown as an effective method to reduce the interfering compounds and to diminish the signal suppression for the majority of the pesticides in all commodities. In tea and parsley matrices the he use of CaCl2 and ZrO2 respectively, in the clean-up step, showed to be much more efficient removing interfering compounds than the original QuEChERS clean-up.

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pesticides with strong suppression. Matrices with less than 3000 compounds or TIC below 6E+9 don't have pesticides with high ion suppression.